

PUBLIC VERSION

UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C.

In the Matter of

**CERTAIN COLD CATHODE FLUORESCENT
LAMP ("CCFL") INVERTER CIRCUITS AND
PRODUCTS CONTAINING THE SAME**

Inv. No. 337-TA-666

RECEIVED
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U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION
SEP 10 2009 10:00 AM

**ORDER NO. 25: INITIAL DETERMINATION GRANTING JOINT MOTION TO
TERMINATE THE INVESTIGATION WITH RESPECT TO
RESPONDENTS LG DISPLAY CO., LTD. AND LG DISPLAY
AMERICA, INC. ON THE BASIS OF A CONSENT ORDER
STIPULATION**

(September 9, 2009)

On August 24, 2009, Complainants O2 Micro International Ltd. and O2 Micro Inc. (collectively, "O2 Micro") and Respondents LG Display Co., Ltd. and LG Display America, Inc. (collectively, "LGD") filed a motion to terminate the Investigation with respect to LGD by reason of a consent order stipulation ("Stipulation"). (Motion Docket No. 666-032.)

Pursuant to Commission Rules, moving parties submitted non-confidential versions of the Stipulation. O2 Micro and LGD state that other than the Stipulation, there are no other agreements, written or oral, express or implied between O2 Micro and LGD concerning the subject matter of this Investigation. (Mot. Mem. at 2.) In support of their motion, O2 Micro and LGD argue that termination would pose no threat to the public interest and would result in conserved time and resources. (*Id.*)

On September 3, 2009, the Commission Investigative Staff ("Staff") responded in support of the motion. Staff argues that the Stipulation "provides an acceptable basis on which

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to terminate the investigation as to the LGD Respondents” and that termination would not be contrary to the public interest. (Staff Resp. at 1, 8.)

Based on a review of the motion papers and responses thereto, the Administrative Law Judge finds as follows:

The Commission’s Rules permit a motion to terminate an investigation as to any or all respondents based upon an agreement to present the matter for consent order. 19 C.F.R. § 210.21(a)(2). Parties making such a motion must include a stipulation that incorporates a proposed consent order. 19 C.F.R. § 210.21(c)(1)(ii). Commission Rule 210.21(c)(3) sets forth certain requirements for stipulations made in intellectual property-based investigations:

- (1) An admission of all jurisdictional facts;
- (2) An express waiver of all rights to seek judicial review or otherwise challenge or contest the validity of the consent order;
- (3) A statement that the signatories to the consent order stipulation will cooperate with and will not seek to impede by litigation or other means the Commission’s efforts to gather information under subpart I of this part; and
- (4) A statement that the enforcement, modification, and revocation of the consent order will be carried out pursuant to subpart I of this part, incorporating by reference the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

* * *

[(5)] A statement that the consent order shall not apply with respect to any claim of any intellectual property right that has expired or been found or adjudicated invalid or unenforceable by the Commission or a court or agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such finding or judgment has become final and nonreviewable; and

[(6)] A statement that each signatory to the stipulation who was a respondent in the investigation will not seek to challenge the validity of the intellectual property right(s), in any administrative or judicial proceeding to enforce the consent order.

19 C.F.R. § 210.21(c)(3)(i).

Here, O2 Micro and LGD have made a consent order stipulation with an attached proposed consent order (both attached hereto as Appendix A), providing for termination of the

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Investigation against LGD. Specifically, LGD agrees, with one exception, that it will not “knowingly sell for importation into the United States,” import into the United States, or sell in the United States after importation, any product containing a Microsemi Corporation or Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. inverter controller that is accused in this Investigation with respect to U.S. Patent No. 7,417,382 (the “382 patent”). (See Stipulation at ¶¶5, 15; Proposed Consent Order at ¶¶5, 11.) LGD retains the right to “provide a warranty repair and/or replacement of a product previously sold by LGD.” (Stipulation at ¶15; Proposed Consent Order at ¶11.)

Because there is an exception to the Stipulation with respect to replacement or repair of accused products that LGD previously sold, LGD has agreed to certain, detailed verification and reporting provisions. (See Stipulation at ¶¶16-17; Proposed Consent Order at ¶¶12-13.) The Commission Rules relating to consent orders provide that the Commission may require periodic compliance reports, and the Administrative Law Judge finds that there is good cause for such reporting activity here. See 19 C.F.R. § 210.21(c)(3)(ii).

Rule 210.21(c)(3)(i)(A)(1) requires that the Stipulation contain an admission of all jurisdictional facts. LGD has admitted to in personam and in rem jurisdiction, and has specifically stipulated that{

}, establishing subject matter jurisdiction. (Stipulation at ¶10.)

In accordance with Commission Rule 210.21(c), the Stipulation also contains: an express waiver by LGD and O2 Micro of all rights to seek judicial review or otherwise challenge or contest the validity of the consent order; a statement that LGD and O2 Micro will cooperate with and will not seek to impede by litigation or other means the Commission’s efforts to gather information under subpart I of the Commission’s Rules; a statement that the enforcement,

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modification and revocation of the Consent Order will be carried out pursuant to Subpart I of the Commission's Rules, and the statement incorporates by reference the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure; a statement that the consent order shall not apply with respect to any claim regarding the '382 patent if it has expired or been found or adjudicated invalid or unenforceable by the Commission or a court or agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such finding or judgment has become final and nonreviewable; and a statement that LGD will not seek to challenge the validity of the '382 patent in any administrative or judicial proceeding to enforce the consent order. (Stipulation at ¶¶13-14, 19-21.)

The Stipulation also includes a statement, permitted by Commission Rule 210.21(c)(3)(i)(C), that the Stipulation does not constitute an admission by LGD that an unfair act has been committed. (*See* Stipulation at ¶9.)

The effect of this proposed consent order would be to terminate LGD from the Investigation. O2 Micro and LGD argue that termination would not be contrary to the public interest. (Mot. Mem. at 2.) Staff agrees. (Staff Resp. at 8.) Furthermore, termination of litigation under these circumstances as an alternative method of dispute resolution is generally in the public interest.

Accordingly, it is the Initial Determination of the Administrative Law Judge that Motion No. 666-032 should be GRANTED and the Investigation terminated with respect to LGD.

This Initial Determination, along with the public copies of the Stipulation and proposed consent order,¹ is hereby certified to the Commission. Pursuant to 19 C.F.R. § 210.42(h), this Initial Determination shall become the determination of the Commission unless a party files a petition for review of the Initial Determination pursuant to 19 C.F.R. § 210.43(a), or the

¹ The Commission's Rules require simultaneous confidential and public versions of the Initial Determination. *See* 19 C.F.R. § 210.21(c)(1). Copies of the confidential or public versions of the Stipulation (without exhibits) and proposed consent order are attached to the respective confidential and public versions of this Initial Determination.

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Commission, pursuant to 19 C.F.R. § 210.44, orders on its own motion a review of the Initial Determination or certain issues herein.

SO ORDERED.


E. James Gildea
Administrative Law Judge

APPENDIX A

UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C.
Before the Honorable E. James Gildea
Administrative Law Judge

In the Matter of

**CERTAIN COLD CATHODE FLUORESCENT
LAMP ("CCFL") INVERTER CIRCUITS AND
PRODUCTS CONTAINING SAME.**

Investigation No. 337-TA-666

CONSENT ORDER STIPULATION

In accordance with 19 C.F.R. § 210.21(c)(1)(ii), the parties, Complainants O2 Micro International Ltd. and O2 Micro Inc. (collectively "O2 Micro") and Respondents LG Display Co, Ltd., LG Display America, Inc. (collectively "LGD"), through their respective duly authorized personnel HEREBY AGREE to the following consent order stipulation:

1. Complainant O2 Micro International Ltd. is a corporation organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands with its principal place of business at The Grand Pavilion, West Bay Road, PO Box 32331 SMB, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. Complainant O2 Micro Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of O2 Micro International Ltd. located at 3118 Patrick Henry Drive, Santa Clara California. "O2 Micro" shall mean O2 Micro International Ltd., O2 Micro, Inc., and each of their past and present subsidiaries, affiliates, agents and anyone acting on their behalf.

2. Respondent LG Display Co., Ltd. is a Korean corporation located at West Tower, LG Twin Towers, 20, Yoido-dong, Youngdungpo-gu, Seoul, Korea. Respondent LG Display America, Inc. is a California corporation located at 150 East Brokaw Road, San Jose, CA 95112.

"LGD" shall mean LG Display Co., Ltd., LG Display America, Inc., and their predecessor

entities LG.Phillips LCD Co., Ltd. and LG.Phillips LCD America, Inc., and past and present subsidiaries, agents and anyone acting on their behalf.

3. "'382 Patent" means United States Patent No. 7,417,382.

4. "Inverter controller" shall mean an inverter controller used to deliver power to a cold cathode fluorescent lamp ("CCFL"). "Inverter circuit" shall mean an inverter circuit that includes an inverter controller and is used to deliver power to a CCFL.

5. "Disputed Product" means any product containing a Microsemi Corporation ("Microsemi") or Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. ("MPS") inverter controller that is accused in this investigation with respect to the '382 Patent. The accused Microsemi and MPS inverter controllers include, but are not limited to, the following: Microsemi base model numbers LX1691, LX1691A, LX1691B, LX1692, LX1692A, LX1692B, LX1693, LX1696, LX1696A, LX1697, and LX6512, and MPS base model numbers MP1008, MP1009, MP10091, MP1010B, MP1015, MP1016, MP1017, MP1018, MP1028, MP1037, MP1038, MP1048, MP1060, MP1872, and MP61093 and may include other MPS and/or Microsemi inverter controllers that O2 Micro identifies and accuses with respect to the '382 Patent in this investigation. The Disputed Products do not include products incorporating an inverter controller that is manufactured, distributed, or sold by O2 Micro or is licensed under the '382 Patent

Thus, in the event that an accused Microsemi or MPS inverter controller becomes licensed under the '382 Patent, any product containing such licensed Microsemi or MPS inverter controller shall cease being a Disputed Product. In that regard, O2 Micro agrees that it will promptly inform LGD of any license granted to Microsemi or MPS under the '382 Patent.

6. O2 Micro filed a Complaint before the International Trade Commission ("Commission"), *Certain Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp ("CCFL") Inverter Circuits and Products Containing Same*, Inv. No. 337-TA-666, on December 15, 2008, alleging that Respondent LGD unlawfully imported into the United States, sold for importation into the

United States and/or sold after importation into the United States inverter circuits or products containing the same that infringe the '382 Patent in violation of Section 337, 19 U.S.C. § 1337.

7. On January 14, 2009, the Commission instituted this investigation to determine, *inter alia*, whether Respondent LGD has violated Section 337(a)(1)(B)(i) in the importation, sale for importation and/or sale after importation into the United States Disputed Products that infringe the '382 Patent. On February 27, 2009, LGD filed its Response to the Complaint, denying the allegations that LGD violated Section 337.

8. Respondent LGD admits that the Commission has *in rem* jurisdiction over the Disputed Products that LGD imported into the United States, knowingly sold for importation into the United States, or sold after importation into the United States after August 26, 2008, the issue date of the '382 Patent, and the Commission has *in personam* jurisdiction over it for purposes of the Consent Order.

9. This Consent Order Stipulation and attached proposed Consent Order (Exhibit A) do not constitute an admission by LGD that it has committed any unfair act.

10. Respondent LGD stipulates to the following facts in lieu of providing additional discovery (including any discovery from LGD required by Order No. 16):

a.

b.

c.

d.

e.

11. LGD stipulates and the LGD signatory declares under penalty of perjury of the laws of the United States of America, to the best of his knowledge after reasonable investigation, that information in Exhibits B-E and G-L are from records of data made at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters set forth by, or from information transmitted by, a person or persons with knowledge of those matters, kept in the ordinary course of the regularly conducted activity and made by the regularly conducted activity as a regular practice, and that the signatory is a qualified person at LGD to make this declaration.

12. O2 Micro and Respondent LGD agree to entry of the proposed Consent Order attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

13. All rights to judicial review or otherwise challenge or contest the validity of the Consent Order are hereby expressly waived by O2 Micro and LGD.

14. Respondent LGD shall not challenge the validity or enforceability of the '382 Patent in any administrative or judicial proceeding to enforce the Consent Order.

15. Respondent LGD agrees, as defined in the Consent Order attached hereto as Exhibit A, that it will not import into the United States, or sell after importation into the United States, or knowingly sell for importation into the United States any Disputed Product during the term of this Consent Order, except as necessary to provide a warranty repair and/or replacement of a product previously sold by LGD.

16. Respondent LGD shall verify under oath to the Commission within ten (10) business days after issuance of this Consent Order that, other than as necessary for a warranty repair and/or replacement of a previously sold LGD product, LGD has no units of the Disputed Products in inventory in the United States. The verified statement must also include a statement as to how many units of each Disputed Product LGD has in inventory in the United States that are necessary for a warranty repair and/or replacement of a previously sold LGD product, identifying each by product number as well as an identification of the inverter controller and inverter modules included in the LGD Disputed Product including the supplier name and product model number. Any failure to make the required report or the filing of false or inaccurate reports shall constitute a violation of this Consent Order.

17. In the event that LGD must ship a small number of units of Disputed Products into the United States in any given calendar quarter during the term of this Consent Order to provide a warranty repair and/or replacement of a product previously sold by LGD, LGD shall submit to the Commission within thirty (30) days following that calendar quarter a report required by the Consent Order including a statement under oath that such a shipment or shipments has/have been made in to the United States during the calendar quarter, the model number(s) of LGD's Disputed Product(s) so shipped, the identification of the inverter controller(s) and inverter modules included in the LGD Disputed Product(s) including the supplier name and product model number, the quantity shipped, the location from which the

LGD Disputed Product(s) were sent, and the location in the United States at which the LGD Disputed Product(s) were received. The calendar quarters shall be January 1 to March 31, April 1 to June 30, July 1 to September 30, and October 1 to December 31, except that the first calendar quarter following the issuance of the Consent Order shall be considered to be from the issue date of the Consent Order to December 31, 2009. Any failure to make the required report or the filing of false or inaccurate reports shall constitute a violation of this Consent Order.

18. Respondent LGD agrees that it will not contest the legal conclusions or findings of fact determined by the Commission in any final determination of this investigation or in any proceeding to enforce the Consent Order.

19. O2 Micro and Respondent LGD agree that the Consent Order shall not apply to any claim of the '382 Patent that has expired, that O2 Micro has not asserted in this investigation, or that has been found or adjudicated invalid or unenforceable by the Commission or a court or agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such finding or judgment has become final and nonreviewable. Therefore, O2 Micro and LGD agree that the term of this Consent Order shall be from the date the Consent Order issues to the date on which (i) the '382 Patent expires or (ii) all claims of the '382 Patent asserted in this investigation are found or adjudicated invalid or unenforceable by the Commission or a court or agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such finding or judgment has become final and nonreviewable, whichever is earlier.

20. O2 Micro and Respondent LGD agree to cooperate with and will not seek to impede by litigation or other means the Commission's efforts to gather information under Subpart I of Part 210 of title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations, incorporating by reference the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

21. Enforcement, modification and revocation of the Consent Order shall be carried out pursuant to Subpart I of Part 210 of Title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations, incorporating by reference the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

In WITNESS WHEREOF O2 Micro and Respondent LGD have caused their duly authorized representatives to execute and ensure this document on their behalf as an instrument of the date indicated, and request entry of the CONSENT ORDER in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

Oliver Mathiowet/Henry H. P. Dated: August 21, 2009
O2 Micro International Ltd. and O2 Micro, Inc.

J. S. Kim, Joo SUP KIM Dated: August 21, 2009
LG Display Co., Ltd.
LG Display America, Inc.

EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C.
Before the Honorable E. James Gildea
Administrative Law Judge

In the Matter of

CERTAIN COLD CATHODE FLUORESCENT
LAMP ("CCFL") INVERTER CIRCUITS AND
PRODUCTS CONTAINING SAME.

Investigation No. 337-TA-666

CONSENT ORDER

On January 14, 2009, the United States International Trade Commission instituted the above-captioned investigation under Section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1337), amended, based upon the Complaint filed by Complainants O2 Micro International Ltd. and O2 Micro Inc. (collectively "O2 Micro"), which alleged unfair acts in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation into the United States, and the sale within the United States after importation of certain cold cathode fluorescent lamp ("CCFL") inverter circuits and products containing same by multiple Respondents including Respondents LG Display Co, Ltd. and LG Display America, Inc. (collectively "LGD"). *See* 74 Fed. Reg. 2099 (Jan. 14, 2009).

O2 Micro and LGD have executed a stipulation which manifests LGD's consent to the entry of this Consent Order and to the waivers and other requirements of 19 C.F.R. § 210.21(c).

The Commission having reviewed the Administrative Law Judge's Initial Determination granting the Joint Motion to Terminate the Investigation with respect to LGD Based Upon Consent Order, and having duly considered all comments filed, **HEREBY ORDERS THAT:**

1. Complainant O2 Micro International Ltd. is a corporation organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands with its principal place of business at The Grand Pavilion, West Bay Road, PO Box 32331 SMB, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. Complainant O2 Micro Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of O2 Micro International Ltd. located at 3118 Patrick

Henry Drive, Santa Clara California. "O2 Micro" shall mean O2 Micro International Ltd., O2 Micro, Inc., and each of their past and present subsidiaries, affiliates, agents and anyone acting on their behalf.

2. Respondent LG Display Co., Ltd. is a Korean corporation located at West Tower, LG Twin Towers, 20, Yoido-dong, Youngdungpo-gu, Seoul, Korea. Respondent LG Display America, Inc. is a California corporation located at 150 East Brokaw Road, San Jose, CA 95112. LG Display America, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of LG Display Co., Ltd. "LGD" shall mean LG Display Co., Ltd., LG Display America, Inc., and their predecessor entities LG.Phillips LCD Co., Ltd. and LG.Phillips LCD America, Inc., and past and present subsidiaries, agents and anyone acting on their behalf.

3. "'382 Patent" means United States Patent No. 7,417,382.

4. "Inverter controller" shall mean an inverter controller used to deliver power to a cold cathode fluorescent lamp ("CCFL"). "Inverter circuit" shall mean an inverter circuit that includes an inverter controller and is used to deliver power to a CCFL.

5. "Disputed Product" means any product containing a Microsemi Corporation ("Microsemi") or Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. ("MPS") inverter controller that is accused in this investigation with respect to the '382 Patent. The accused Microsemi and MPS inverter controllers include, but are not limited to, the following: Microsemi base model numbers LX1691, LX1691A, LX1691B, LX1692, LX1692A, LX1692B, LX1693, LX1696, LX1696A, LX1697, and LX6512, and MPS base model numbers MP1008, MP1009, MP10091, MP1010B, MP1015, MP1016, MP1017, MP1018, MP1028, MP1037, MP1038, MP1048, MP1060, MP1872, and MP61093 and may include other MPS and/or Microsemi inverter controllers that O2 Micro identifies and accuses with respect to the '382 patent in this investigation. The Disputed Products do not include products incorporating an inverter controller that is manufactured, distributed, or sold by O2 Micro or is licensed under the '382 Patent. Thus, in the event that an accused Microsemi or MPS inverter controller becomes licensed under the '382 Patent, any product containing such licensed Microsemi or MPS inverter controller shall cease

being a Disputed Product. In that regard, O2 Micro agrees that it will promptly inform LGD of any license granted to Microsemi or MPS under the '382 Patent.

6. O2 Micro filed a Complaint before the International Trade Commission ("Commission"), *Certain Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp ("CCFL") Inverter Circuits and Products Containing Same*, Inv. No. 337-TA-666, on December 15, 2008, alleging that Respondent LGD unlawfully imported into the United States, sold for importation into the United States and/or sold after importation into the United States inverter circuits or products containing the same that infringe the '382 Patent in violation of Section 337, 19 U.S.C. § 1337.

7. On January 14, 2009, the Commission instituted this investigation to determine, *inter alia*, whether Respondent LGD has violated Section 337(a)(1)(B)(i) in the importation, sale for importation and/or sale after importation into the United States Disputed Products that infringe the '382 Patent. On February 27, 2009, LGD filed its Response to the Complaint, denying the allegations that LGD violated Section 337.

8. Respondent LGD admits that the Commission has *in rem* jurisdiction over the Disputed Products that LGD imported into the United States, knowingly sold for importation into the United States, or sold after importation into the United States after August 26, 2008, the issue date of the '382 Patent, and the Commission has *in personam* jurisdiction over it for purposes of this Consent Order.

9. This Consent Order does not constitute an admission by LGD that it has committed any unfair act.

10. All rights to judicial review or otherwise challenge or contest the validity of the Consent Order are hereby expressly waived by O2 Micro and LGD.

11. Respondent LGD shall not import into the United States, or sell after importation into the United States, or knowingly sell for importation into the United States any Disputed Product during the term of this Consent Order set forth in Paragraph 16 below, except as necessary to provide a warranty repair and/or replacement of a product previously sold by LGD.

12. Respondent LGD shall verify under oath to the Commission within ten (10) business days after issuance of this Consent Order that, other than as necessary for a warranty repair and/or replacement of a previously sold LGD product, LGD has no units of the Disputed Products in inventory in the United States. The verified statement must also include a statement as to how many units of each Disputed Product LGD has in inventory in the United States that are necessary for a warranty repair and/or replacement of a previously sold LGD product, identifying each by product number as well as an identification of the inverter controller and inverter modules included in the LGD Disputed Product including the supplier name and product model number. Any failure to make the required report or the filing of false or inaccurate reports shall constitute a violation of this Consent Order.

13. In the event that LGD must ship a small number of units of Disputed Products into the United States in any given calendar quarter during the term of this Consent Order, set forth in Paragraph 16 below, to provide a warranty repair and/or replacement of a product previously sold by LGD, LGD shall submit to the Commission within thirty (30) days following that calendar quarter a report including a statement under oath that such a shipment or shipments has/have been made into the United States during the calendar quarter, the model number(s) of LGD's Disputed Product(s) so shipped, the identification of the inverter controller(s) and inverter modules included in the LGD Disputed Product(s) including the supplier name and product model number, the quantity shipped, the location from which the LGD Disputed Product(s) were sent, and the location in the United States at which the LGD Disputed Product(s) were received. The calendar quarters shall be January 1 to March 31, April 1 to June 30, July 1 to September 30, and October 1 to December 31, except that the first calendar quarter following the issuance of the Consent Order shall be considered to be from the issue date of the Consent Order to December 31, 2009. Any failure to make the required report or the filing of false or inaccurate reports shall constitute a violation of this Consent Order.

14. Respondent LGD shall not challenge the validity or enforceability of the '382 Patent in any administrative or judicial proceeding to enforce this Consent Order.

15. Respondent LGD will not contest the legal conclusions or findings of fact determined by the Commission in any final determination of this investigation or in any proceeding to enforce this Consent Order.

16. This Consent Order shall not apply to any claim of the '382 Patent that O2 Micro has not asserted in this investigation, that has expired, or that has been found or adjudicated invalid or unenforceable by the Commission or a court or agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such finding or judgment has become final and nonreviewable. Therefore, the term of this Consent Order shall be from the date the Consent Order issues to the date on which (i) the '382 Patent expires or (ii) all claims of the '382 Patent asserted in this investigation are found or adjudicated invalid or unenforceable by the Commission or a court or agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such finding or judgment has become final and nonreviewable, whichever is earlier.

17. O2 Micro and Respondent LGD shall cooperate with and will not seek to impede by litigation or other means the Commission's efforts to gather information under Subpart I of Part 210 of title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations, incorporating by reference the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

18. Enforcement, modification and revocation of this Consent Order shall be carried out pursuant to Subpart I of Part 210 of Title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations, incorporating by reference the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

Issued: _____

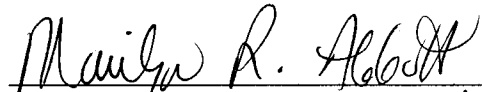
Marilyn Abbott, Secretary
U.S. International Trade Commission

**IN THE MATTER OF CERTAIN COLD CATHODE
("CCFL") INVERTER CIRCUITS AND PRODUCTS
CONTAINING SAME**

Inv. No. 337-TA-666

PUBLIC CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Marilyn R. Abbott, hereby certify that the attached **INITIAL DETERMINATION** has been served by hand upon, the Commission Investigative Attorney, **David O. Lloyd, Esq.**, and the following parties as indicated on September 9, 2009.


Marilyn R. Abbott, Secretary *JME*
U.S. International Trade Commission
500 E Street, SW, Room 112A
Washington, D.C. 20436

COMPLAINANTS 02 MIRCO INTERNATIONAL LTD AND 02 MICRO INC.:

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FOR RESPONDENTS MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS INC:

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**IN THE MATTER OF CERTAIN COLD CATHODE
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE - PAGE 2

**FOR RESPONDENTS MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC., ASUS
COMPUTER, INC., ASUS COMPUTER INTERNATIONAL**

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**FOR RESPONDENTS LG ELECTRONICS, LG ELECTRONICS U.S.A., INC., LG
DISPLAY CO., LG DISPLAY AMERICA, INC.**

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FOR RESPONDENT MICROSEMI CORPORATION

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**IN THE MATTER OF CERTAIN COLD CATHODE
("CCFL") INVERTER CIRCUITS AND PRODUCTS
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Inv. No. 337-TA-666

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